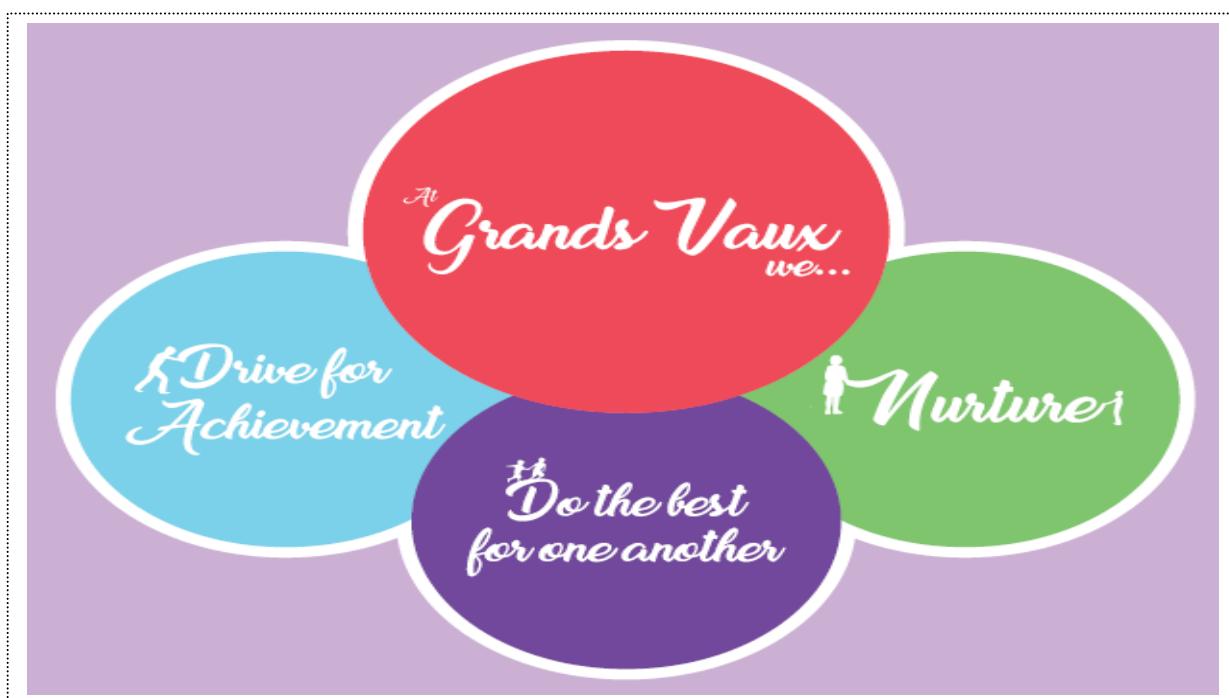




# **Intimate Care Policy**



Agreed: .....

Review Date: .....

## **Introduction**

Intimate care is any care which involves washing, touching or carrying out an invasive procedure (such as cleaning up a pupil after they have soiled themselves) to intimate personal areas. In most cases such care will involve cleaning for hygiene purposes as part of a staff member's duty of care. In the case of a specific procedure only a person suitably trained and assessed as competent should undertake the procedure, (e.g. the administration of rectal diazepam.)

The issue of intimate care is a sensitive one and will require staff to be respectful of the child's needs. The child's dignity should always be preserved with a high level of privacy, choice and control. There shall be a high awareness of child protection issues. Staff behaviour must be open to scrutiny and staff must work in partnership with parents/carers to provide continuity of care to children/young people wherever possible.

This document has been adapted from a model based on best practice in special schools.

Grands Vaux School is committed to ensuring that all staff responsible for the intimate care of children will undertake their duties in a professional manner at all times. Grands Vaux School recognises that there is a need to treat all children with respect when intimate care is given. No child should be attended to in a way that causes distress or pain.

## **Our approach to best practice**

The management of all children with intimate care needs will be carefully planned. The child who requires intimate care is treated with respect at all times; the child's welfare and dignity is of paramount importance. The child will be supported to achieve the highest level of autonomy that is possible given their age and abilities. Staff will encourage each child to do as much for him/her as he/she can. This may mean, for example, giving the child responsibility for washing themselves. Individual intimate care plans will be drawn up for particular children as appropriate to suit the circumstances of the child. Each child's right to privacy will be respected. Careful consideration will be given to each child's situation to determine how many carers might need to be present when a child is toileted. Where possible one child will be catered for by one adult unless there is a sound reason for having more adults present. If this is the case, the reasons should be clearly documented.

Wherever possible staff should only care intimately for an individual of the same sex. However, in certain circumstances this principle may need to be waived where failure to provide appropriate care would result in negligence for example, female staff supporting boys in a primary school, as no male staff are available. For those children who need intimate care arrangements on a regular basis, this will be discussed with parents/carers and recorded on the child's care plan as appropriate. The needs and wishes of children and parents will be taken into account wherever possible within the constraints of staffing and equal opportunities legislation.

## **Children wearing nappies**

We provide information for parents of the policy and practice in the school if a child still wears nappies. We have a simple agreement form for parents to sign- outlining who will be responsible, within the school, for changing the child and when and where this will be carried out. (*Appendix 1*) This agreement allows the school and the parent to be aware of all the issues surrounding this task right from the outset. We have a form to record who changes the child, how often this task is carried out and the time they left/returned to the classroom following this task. (*Appendix 2*)

## **Changing facilities**

The dignity and privacy of the child is of paramount concern. A private area is used however consideration is given to the sighting of this area from a health and safety aspect. The area is not situated in a thoroughfare, as a changing mat will have to be used on the floor when a child is to be changed.

## **Equipment Provision**

We ask the parent to provide nappies, disposal bags, wipes, changing mat etc. and parents are made aware of this responsibility. School is responsible for providing gloves, plastic aprons, a bin and liners to dispose of any waste.

## **Health and Safety**

Staff will always wear gloves when dealing with a child who is bleeding or soiled or when changing a soiled nappy. Any

soiled waste should be placed in a polythene waste disposal bag, which can be sealed. This bag should then be placed in a bin (complete with a liner).

The bin is emptied on a daily basis and it can be collected as part of the usual refuse collection service as this waste is not classed as clinical waste. Staff are aware of the school's Health and Safety policy

### **Physical Contact**

All staff engaged in the care and education of children and young people need to exercise caution in the use of physical contact. The expectation is that staff will work in 'limited touch' cultures and that when physical contact is made with pupils this will be in response to the pupil's needs at the time, will be of limited duration and will be appropriate given their age, stage of development and background.

Staff should be aware that even well-intentioned physical contact might be misconstrued directly by the child, an observer or by anyone the action is described to. Staff must therefore always be prepared to justify actions and accept that all physical contact be open to scrutiny.

Physical contact which is repeated with an individual child or young person is likely to raise questions unless the justification for this is formally agreed by the child, the school and those with parental responsibility.

### **Restraint**

There may be occasions where it is necessary for staff to restrain children physically to prevent them from inflicting damage on either themselves, others or property. In such cases only the minimum force necessary should be used for the minimum length of time required for the child to regain self-control. In all cases of restraint the incident is documented and reported in the form of a Physical Intervention Form.

Staff must be fully aware of the school's Physical Intervention which should comply with CYPES policy. Under no circumstances would it be permissible to use physical force as a form of punishment, to modify behaviour, or to make a pupil comply with an instruction. Physical force of this nature can, and is likely to, constitute a criminal offence.

### **Pupils in distress**

There may be occasions when a distressed pupil needs comfort and reassurance that may include physical touch such as a caring parent would give. Staff must remain self-aware at all times to ensure that their contact is not threatening or intrusive and not subject to misinterpretation. Judgement will need to take account of the circumstances of a pupil's distress, their age, the extent and cause of the distress. Unless the child needs an immediate response, staff should consider whether they are the most appropriate person to respond. It may be more suitable to involve the child's relative or school's well-being officer or ELSA trained LSA. Where a member of staff has a particular concern about the need to provide this type of care and reassurance they should seek further advice, from the Head.

### **First Aid and intimate care**

Staff who administer first aid should ensure wherever possible that another adult or other children are present. The pupil's dignity must always be considered and where contact of a more intimate nature is required (e.g. assisting with toileting or the removal of wet/soiled clothing), another member of staff should be in the vicinity and should be made aware of the task being undertaken.

Regular requirements of an intimate nature should be planned for. Agreements between the school, those with parental responsibility and the child concerned should be documented and easily understood. The necessity for such requirements should be reviewed regularly. The child's views must also be actively sought and, in particular, any discomfort with the arrangements addressed.

### **Physical Education and other skills coaching**

Some staff are likely to come into physical contact with pupils from time to time in the course of their duties when participating in games, demonstrating an exercise or the use of equipment. Staff are aware of the limits within which such contact should properly take place and of the possibility of misinterpretation. Where it is anticipated that a pupil might be prone to misinterpret any such contact, alternatives should be considered, perhaps involving another member

of staff or a less vulnerable pupil in the demonstration.

### **Out of school trips, clubs etc.**

Employees should take particular care when supervising pupils in the less formal atmosphere of a residential setting or after-school activity. Although more informal relationships in such circumstances tend to be usual, the standard of behaviour expected of staff will be no different from the behaviour expected within school. Staff involved in such activities should also be familiar with their school's policy and all Department Guidance regarding out of school activities.

To ensure pupils' safety, increased vigilance is required when monitoring their behaviour on trips and residential. It is important to exercise caution so that a pupil is not compromised and the member of staff does not attract allegations of overly intrusive or abusive behaviour.

Meetings with pupils away from the school premises where a chaperone will not be present, are not permitted unless specific approval is obtained from the head teacher. Staff should not place themselves in a position where they are in a vehicle, house or other venue alone with a child. If staff come into contact with pupils whilst off duty, they must behave as though in their professional role and not give conflicting messages regarding their own conduct.

### **CHANGE HISTORY**

Version	Date Issued	Issued by	Reason for Change	Presented To	Approved by:	Date
0.1	October 2017	Jha	New Policy	SLT	Maria McCool	06.10.17
0.2	September 2021	Jha	Adaptations to the expectations	SLT		
0.3	September 2022	JP	Small changes to expectations. Updated consent form (Appendix 1)	Maria McCool	Maria McCool	26.9.22

## APPENDIX 1

### Parental permission for Intimate Care



I, \_\_\_\_\_ give permission for my child \_\_\_\_\_  
(Parent's name) (Child's name)

to receive intimate care at school by a member of school staff.

Intimate care may include but is not limited to: dressing, assistance with personal hygiene and toileting.

I understand that staff will endeavour to encourage my child to be independent.

I understand that I will be informed discretely should the occasion arise.

I wish, the following to be taken into consideration by staff when administering intimate care to my child: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Parent signature Date

If you wish to see the intimate care policy, you will find it on the school website.  
<http://www.grandsvaux.sch.je/school-policies/>

## APPENDIX 2

### Record of Intimate Care



Name of Child	Date	Time	Comments	Staff Involved	Signature